





Index

 Human Predicament In T.S.Eliot's The Cocktail Party05 Prof. V.C. Sudheer
 Iris Murdoch's The Bell : Exploitation of Fantasy and Reality Myth
 The Study of Woman to Woman Relationship in Shobha De'S Novel "Strange Obsession"
 Lasting Buds
 The Aberrational Retributive Sense of Tragic Vision in Arthur Millers 'A View from the Bridge'
 Themes of Love, Faith and Displacement in Paulo Coelho's "The Fifth Mountain"
 Existential Approach in The Novels of Ralph Ellison, Richard Tfright and Tqni Morrison
 Hunger and Exploitation: An Analysis of Bhabhani Bhattacharya's Novel, "He Who Rides a Tiger"

The Study of Woman to Woman Relationship in Shobha De'S Novel 'Strange Obsession

Prin. Dr. Chandrakant R. Mandlik Head, Department of English

Shri Shiv Chhatrapati College, Junnar (Punc)

Abstract-

Shobha De, a well-known modern Indian novelist has established her name as a feminist writer by demanding love, respect, sympathy from the male community of dominance. She reflects experiences of man to woman relationship and woman to woman relationship. In the novel 'Strange Obsession' Shobha De works on sex issue through the relationship between two women, Meenakshi and Amrita.

Keywords- relationship, woman to woman, sex issue, Meenakshi, Amrita.

Introduction

Shobha De is the eminent Indian woman novelist writing in English language, who presents issues like sex, love, innocence, guilt, and self identity through her prose writings. The issues on which she writes are known to the men and women. Therefore, the themes and characters of Shobha De generally appeal the hearts of everybody. Her interest in human problem shows Shobha De's psychological insight. One may underline her interest in portraying women characters in modern period who suffer at the hands of men being and the society. Shobha De's efforts of expressing truth in her all novels are a result of time and culture, the correlative concepts. She expresses her urge to evaluate any woman on the basis of her inner nature, abilities and conduct.

The novel 'Strange Obsession' by Shobha De illustrates human relationship of 'purpose' and 'interest'. The characters are bound together for the fulfillment of purpose and interest. The character of Meenakshi is remarkable who presents world of dishonesty. She is very emotional about sex issues and eating habits. She takes interest and spares lot of time for doing unusual. Through the character of Amrita Agrawal the novelist Shobha De shows her interest in reflecting the adult world of competitions. A growing model, Amrita

Academic Research

comes to Bombay from Delhi to make her future in the profession of modeling. Her Beauty compels one to stare eyes at her. A cameraman, Karan says, 'you are creating a bloody traffic jam'. (De, 1992:5) The novelist is concerned with congruities, lack of interest and foolishness of metropolitan life.

Human relationship

Relationship is the most important aspect of human life. It reflects existence of human being. Due to human relationship life of human being becomes peaceful. Human relationships and existence of human being are related to each other. The needs of human being are fulfilled because of relationships. Man and woman understand way of living and way of spending life through relationships. How to live is the basic question of the human race. It is discussed by the writers through relationship in literature. "In this world, none is more vital and enduring than those human relationships of home and family. Love and marriage, the joys of parenthood and family ties are the bases of all that is best in-the supreme happiness."(Watson, 1951:239)

The emotional scène

Shobha De's psychological thinking about human conduct provides her a chance to go deep into emotions and passions through the relationships of the women characters in her novel the 'Strange Obsessions'. Shobha De's women characters in the present novel are active. The readers observe that they act and react in their routine life. There is a scene of interaction between two women: Amrita and Meenakshi. Amrita is more active while Meenakshi is very passive. Reading this picture it is but natural to raise questions in the mind of the readers such as are the women highly professional? Or rich? Or highly emotional? The condition between Meenakshi and Amrita is parallel. Meenakshi's strong obsession of love to Amrita is underlined through the words, 'I am in love with you. I love you. It is not sexual. I don't wish to go to bed with you. All I want is to be around you. That's all. (De, 1992:22) There are some examples such as Meenakshi's purchasing air conditioner for Amrita, cutting watch strap in the grave yard suggest Meenakshi's attempt to justify Amrita her real love. Amrita does not agree with Meenakshi. Meenakshi is successful in perceiving her sympathy by recalling the event in which she was seduced by her father. Meenakshi's purpose of creating relationship with Amrita's parent's is served. At the same time her permission for staying with Amrita is also granted by her parents. The relationship between them is not natural but it has taken place by force. The events which take place in the room are sources to the development of the novel. The shameful deed begins in the room. Amrita is a victim of situation. 'Amrita lay back against the pillow inertly. Her mind switched into a dream-like state. She shut her eyes and ceased to think or freely surrendering to Meenakshi who was over her, moving her hands tenderly along the length of her body, caressing her face, kissing her softly. She felt Minx's fingers unbuttoning her linen jacket...and she did not resist'. (De, 1992:94)

Amrita's routine life is very busy. Instead of leaving for modeling work in the morning she remains in the bed. She does not have any interest in interacting with Meenakshi. Amrita does not think of present or future. On the other hand, Meenakshi has action and reaction with the world when she goes out. It is the base for her future career. The scene in the bathroom also indicates intimate relationship between Meenakshi and Amrita.

Meenakshi held Amrita close and buried her face between her breast repeating, my poor darling my sweetheart....' (108) The bath tub was full of water. There were rose petals on the surface water. There was fragrance of sweet smell in the room. Meenakshi pushed Amrita into the warm tub and undressed herself. Meenakshi lowered herself down and lay her side, holding her by shoulders and helping the water over her body. She asked kissing her wet mouth and opening with her tongue. Amrita's body, soaked and relaxed, began to respond to Minx's pleasuring. (108) Meenakshi is unable to control herself. She desires complete satisfaction of sex. For that she wants a sex change operation. By doing so, she feels that she can fulfil her desires satisfactorily. In response to this Amrita says to her, 'But will that make me pregnant? Will you fill my womb with a child? Answer me? (110)

Meenakshi and Amrita have shifted their residence in the house which was gifted by Meenakshi's father. Meenakshi and Amrita acted their alike lesbo. "Meenakshi pulled her towards the bed and threw her down. Amrita shut her eyes and lay back simply. She knew she could not fight Minx. It was always easier to submit". (147) Meenakshi desires to let Amrita enjoy real sex. So taking advantage of time she uses a hard toy.

Amrita is tired of the present situation. She wants escape from Meenakshi. Therefore she decides to marry Rakesh and leave for

Academic Research

Vol - 12, No. - 2, Octobe Academic Research New York. Amrita is under the impression that Meenakshi will fe will be free and will fe New York. Amrita is under the model will be free and will fee the police and stop her bad deeds. She will be free and will divorce the police and stop her job she would start new life. On approximation the police and stop her bad accordent to the police and will divorce the police and stop her bad accordent to the police and will divorce the police and the police and will divorce the police and the police and will divorce the police and the pol him. Finding another job site more photographs to know that Mir. Rakesh Meenakshi shows some photographs to know that Mir. Rakesh Meenakshi shows sound in the emotions and that Min and Amnita are friends as partners. The emotions and thought and Annita are friends as partners. The emotions and thought and Amnita are friends as particular silent. Pursuing thought in Meenakshi do not allow her to remain silent. Pursuing them when their honeymoon Meenakshi plays a game there Meenakshi do not allow her to the makshi plays a game them when they are on their honeymoon Meenakshi plays a game there the there there there there the there there there there the they are on their honeymoon that she behaves as nonsense. The act of Meenakshi justifies that she behaves as nonsense. Amrita condition is very pathetic. She is like a wounded animal In 'Strange obsession' Shobha De presents a young woman

Amrita who wants to make the seen caught by obsessive wornant she is very unfortunate who has been caught by obsessive wornant ber and makes Amrita's life unhant. she is very unfortunate and makes Amrita's life unhappy. After Meenakshi tortures her and makes (N R L) Meenakshi pinned h Meenakshi tortures ner and Amrita's marriage with Rakesh (N.R.I.) Meenakshi pinned her against Amrita's marriage with terminate over her breast Meenakshi unbut toned her jeans. She also takes off her clothes and throws them over the grass. Looking at her Meenakshi says 'Oh my god! Amria how bitterly beautiful you are'. I could die just looking at you right now. Amrita wanted Meenakshi to touch her. But it does not hap pened because she smells different. Meenakshi realizes smell of man over Amrita's legs, breasts, and in mouth. She shouts 'No, I can't touch you ever again. Get dressed, let's move, it's over. (195)

Meenakshi is haunted by sex. She strongly desires to enjoy emotions with Amrita whenever she gets an opportunity. But when she gets distress after Amrita's marriage she finds another way to satisfy her mind. She compels them to perform sex activity before her eyes. Her happiness has no limits when she watches them doing sex. She utters with joy "This is heaven. I couldn't have dream of a better end to our love story. Darling. I can't tell you how happy you've made me...so happy. I could die right now. This minute (205)

Amrita finds herself safe and protected on the arrival of her parents. The three are saved by the police officers. Mr. Iyengar is one of them, the father of Meenakshi, who promises Amrita that she (Amrita) and her husband will be free from any botheration. He has decided to keep his daughter, Meenakshi under his supervision so that she can make her career the best.

Conclusion

By presenting two women characters Meenakshi and Amile the novelist Shobha De tries to focus on good and evil spirit of Academic Research ISSN - 2230 - 77%

18

Academic Research

human being. No one is completely good or bad. One can underline amalgamation of good and bad in everyone. The abnormality of Meenakshi is suggested by her enormous desire of sex. Meenakshi, who comes to make career in modeling in Bombay is alone and nobody is there to control her. Consequently, she does not leave a chance to manipulate the event with Amrita. It is responsibility of everyone to control the bad thoughts or emotions to avoid disaster. It makes one possible to lead normal and ideal life which remains harmless to the person who comes in the contact. Meenakshi's inability of controlling feelings is the cause of Amrita's physical exploitation.

References

- De, Shobha, (1992). Strange Obsession, India: A Penguin Original.
- Kapur, Promilla, (1973). Love, Marriage and Sex, Delhi: Vikas.
- Patel, Kamlesh, (2011). High Emotions in Unprotected Life In Shobha De's Strange Obsession
- in M.F. Patel. Ed. Indian women Writings in English, Jaipur: Mark Publishers.
- Singh, Krishnakant. K. (2002). Social Perspective in R. K. Narayan's Novels, Jaipur: Book Enclave
- Watson, Lillian Eicher(1951). (Ed.), Lights from Many Lamps, New York: A Fireside Book.

ACADEMIC RESEARCH

RNI NO.MAHMUL/2006/20663 A Half Yearly Peer Reviewed Journal in Languages and Humanities www.academicrearch.in

Guidelines for Contributors :

- 1) The editors are pleased to accept original research papers of the following.
 - Brief and upto date review articles of not more then 4000-5000 words Religied to Arts, Fine Arts and Humanities,
 - ii) Reviews, Comments on books or on research articles.
 - iii) References, notes be provided at the end of the articles.
- 2) The journal will be published twice in a year.
- All authors and co authors are required to subscribe journal, however, publication consearch papers is free of charge.
- Two hard copies of the manuscript in ms word should be submitted along with soft copy on CD.
- 5) The printing should be in 12 point size and double spaced throughout on A4 size paper.
- 6) The articles of full length should be divided in Title of the paper, authors names and accress, core content, observations, conclusions, references and note.
- 7) We send the manuscripts immediately to the referees and after receiving the comments from referees immediately we report the acceptance and possibility For publication.

Period	Asian Countries		Rest of the world	
	Individual	Institutions	Individual	Institutions
One Year	Rs. 500	Rs. 700	\$ 80	\$ 120
Three Year	Rs. 1500	Rs. 2000	\$ 200	\$ 320
Five Year	Rs. 2500	Rs. 3000	\$ 360	\$ 560

Subscription Rates

All correspondence regarding publication, membership and subscription of the academic research should be addressed to the editor, Dr.A.S.Bagul, 20 Chandroday Housing Society, Gondur Road, Deopur, Dhule - 424 005. Ph.(02562) 275010. Mobile - 9422287135, E-mail- drasbagul-l@rediffmail.com

Subscriptions can be paid in cash or by cheque or Demand Draft in favour of Dr. A.S. Gagul, payable at Dhule.

Note - The editorial board reserves the right to edit and make necessary changes if required. However the writers will be solely responsible for the authenticity of information, acknowledgment for borrowing and controversial comments, opinions and quotations.



